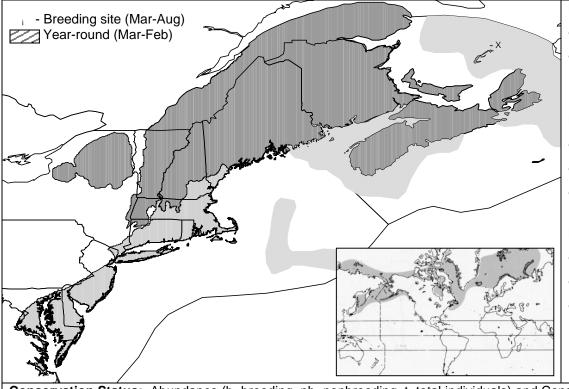
THICK-BILLED MURRE

Uria Iomvia Iomvia



Regional Occurrence (BCRs 14, 30)

- Distribution: breeds in BCR 14; pelagic in region
- Habitats used: pelagic and along rocky seacoasts (nonbreeding); coastal cliff ledges (breeding)

NAWCP BD=2; NAWCP ND=2

Regional Abundance

- 1980s population size: US-1,000-10,000nb; CAN-1,1606
- Historical population size: unknown
- % change in regional population: unknown

NAWCP PS=1; NAWCP PT=3

Regional Threats

- Conflict/competition with fisheries for food supply
- Vulnerable to oil spills and other environmental contaminants
- Highly congretory which makes murres vulnerable

NAWCP TB=4; NAWCP TN=4

Conservation Status: Abundance (b=breeding, nb=nonbreeding, t=total individuals) and Conservation Rank

Global	North America	BCR 14	BCR 30	Mid-Atlantic	S. New England	Gulf of Maine	Maritimes
15,000,000-	8,000,000b	1,160b; ?nb	?nb	?nb	?nb	?nb	1,160b
20,000,000t		, ,					,
IUCN- Not Evaluated	NAWCP- Moderate Concern (PI=60%)	Moderate (PI<1%)	Moderate (PI=?)	NJ- SZN; DE- no info MD-no info; VA-no info	NY-S?N; CT-no info; RI- SZN; MA-SN; VT-no info	MA-SN, NH-SZN; ME- S1N; NB-S2S3N; NS-S4N	QC-S3; NB-S2S3N PE-SZN; NS-S4N

Conservation Needs: Sustainability: 48-79% mean number of chicks reared / pair; 1 young / successful pair; Foraging Habitat: up to 170 km in straight line out and back; range greater in incubation than chick rearing; generally 2-25 km; dive up to 210 m; mean depths 7-33m; may go up to 170 km from colony to feed, diving to sample food at random distances; generally dive 75-100m; Issues: Effect of harvest in Canada unknown; Needs: monitor; Population Goals: census; Habitat Goals: